### Well being/citizenship

PSHE: Rights and respect- who keeps us safe? Volunteering, earning and managing money, caring for the environment.

RE: Understanding the importance of family life and festivals to Jewish people.

### **Visits/Visitors**

Member of Jewish community to talk about Jewish family life and festivals. What is the impact?

# What is the impact?

Children to value differences between families, faiths and European neighbours.

### **Local context**

Similarities and differences between families, friends, faiths and European countries e.g. cultures and lifestyles etc.

## **Computing:**

Desktop Publishing -using desktop publishing software and consider careful choices of font size, colour and type to edit and improve premade documents.

#### **Unit Plan**

**Term Spring 2** 

**Topic – Europe** 

## Maths

**Fractions** 

### **Curriculum Link:**

# (History/Geography/Art/DT etc)

Geography: Using atlases to identify continents and the countries of Europe including capital cities. Identifying major human and physical features in Europe.

DT: Design, make and evaluate boats

PE: Athletics and dodgeball

Music: The Dragon Song- sing, play glockenspiels, improvise and compose

MFL: French – Numbers, countries, I like.. and body parts

### **Science**

Forces and magnets: friction & magnetism

# **English**

Genres – Non-chronological reports
Texts – The Travel Guide

<u>Facts/knowledge:</u> There are 44 countries in Europe. A small number of countries on the continent are transcontinental, meaning they are considered to be a part of both Europe and Asia. Mount Elbrus in Russia (5,642 metres/18,510ft) is the highest mountain in Europe and is part of the Caucasus mountain range. The Volga River in Russia (3,530km) is Europe's longest river.