Year 2	Key Skills	Content/Unit or Topic inc. Artists studied	Curriculum Links	Key Facts inc materials and techniques	Key Vocabulary
Exploring & Developing Ideas (On going all year)	 Record and explore ideas from first hand observation, experience and imagination. Ask and answer questions about the starting points for their work and the processes they have 	 <u>L.S Lowry</u> Explore a range of his paintings Compare similarities and differences Discuss how he created his paintings What can we tell about the past based on his paintings – compare and contrast 	L.S Lowry History/Geography - local area	L.S Lowry 5 main colours used Matchstick men Industrial Busy crowded places Buildings Dogs, adults and children Discuss the fever van painting in detail – why was this relevant then?	L.S Lowry Match stick men Industrial Town/City What does local mean?
	 Explore the differences and similarities within the work of artists, craftspeople and designers in different times and cultures. 	 <u>George Seurat/Paul Signac – French Pointillism artists</u> Explore a range of paintings Compare similarities and differences Discuss how they created the paintings, what they used 	<u>George Seurat/Paul</u> <u>Signac</u> Geography seaside topic	<u>George Seurat/Paul Signac</u> Pointillism Outdoors Views Paint Signac - Seaside painting – the jetty at cassis, Opus 198 – oil paint Seurat – seaside painting – view of le crotoy from upstream 1889	<u>George</u> <u>Seurat/Paul</u> <u>Signac</u> Pointillism Technique Paint
		 <u>Great fire of London</u> Discuss what would have been seen during the fire, colours, shapes, buildings Discuss what materials would be best to show fire colours - paints How can we make the fire stand out? Silhouette technique Wax crayons and paint – scratch art 	<u>Great fire of</u> <u>London</u> History topic	<u>Great fire of London</u> Paint/wax crayons to show boldness of fire colours Silhouettes to show buildings/shadows and contrast between the colours	<u>Great fire of</u> <u>London</u> silhouette
Evaluating & Developing work	Review what they and others have done and say what they	L.S Lowry	L.S Lowry History/Geography - local area	L.S Lowry 5 main colours used Matchstick men	L.S Lowry Observe Annotate

(On going all year)	 think and feel about it. E.g. Annotate sketchbook Identify what they might change in their current work or develop in their future work. Annotate work in sketchbook. 	 Continuous mind map on what children know of LS Lowry and his paintings – add to throughout topic Annotation of his paintings – what they can see, similarities, what they like and what they would change <u>George Seurat/Paul Signac – French Pointillism artists</u> Explore a range of paintings Compare similarities and differences between both artists Discuss how they created the paintings, what they used Compare and contrast both Signac - Seaside painting – the jetty at cassis, Opus 198 – oil paint and Seurat – seaside painting – view of le crotoy from upstream 1889, what they like, don't like. 	<u>George Seurat/Paul</u> <u>Signac</u> Geography seaside topic	Industrial Busy crowded places Buildings Dogs, adults and children Discuss the fever van painting in detail – why was this relevant then? <u>George Seurat/Paul Signac</u> Pointillism Colours used Outdoors Views Paint Signac - Seaside painting – the jetty at cassis, Opus 198 – oil paint Seurat – seaside painting – view of le crotoy from upstream 1889	Mind map Research <u>George</u> <u>Seurat/Paul</u> <u>Signac</u> Pointillism Technique Paint Seaside Beach Sea
		 <u>Great fire of London</u> Look at images of fire – discuss what it looks like and how they can show this Sketchbook used for experimenting with fire colours in wax crayon, paint and drawing of flames. 	<u>Great fire of</u> <u>London</u> History topic.	<u>Great fire of London</u> Colours to show fire and heat Wax crayons Paint	<u>Great fire of</u> <u>London</u> Fire Heat Wax crayons Paint
Drawing	• Layer different media, e.g. crayons,	 <u>L.S Lowry</u> Sketching pencils 	L.S Lowry	L.S Lowry	<u>L.S Lowry</u> Sketch

•	pastels, felt tips, charcoal and ballpoint. Understand the basic use of a sketchbook and work out ideas for drawings. Draw for a sustained period of time from the figure and real objects, including single and grouped objects. Experiment with the visual elements; line, shape, pattern and colour.	 Sketching in sketch books – buildings, matchstick men, dogs Looking at the lines and shapes of key points in LS Lowry paintings to focus on and replicate <u>Great fire of London</u> Wax crayons to show flames of fire and heat Paint over in black Once dry, outline a silhouette and scratch off the rest of the paint Compate the effectiveness of this piece to the painted silhouette – which makes the colours stand out more? 	History/Geography - local area <u>Great fire of</u> <u>London</u> History topic	Sketching pencils – how to use and how to sketch rather than drawing with just one hard line. <u>Great fire of London</u> Colours to show fire and heat Wax crayons Paint	Draw Observe Replicate <u>Great fire of</u> <u>London</u> Wax crayons Paint Heat Fire Silhouette
Painting •	Mix a range of secondary colours, shades and tones. Experiment with tools and techniques, inc. layering, mixing media, scraping through etc. Name different types of paint and their properties. Work on a range of scales e.g. large brush on large paper etc. Mix and match colours using artefacts and objects.	<u>L.S Lowry</u> Replicate an L.S Lowry painting of their choice. Sketch and then paint using the 5 colours he used – red, yellow, blue, black and white. Lots of brown used – how will you make this colour? <u>George Seurat/Paul Signac</u> Using above artists as reference and using their technique, children complete their own pointillism art work of the seaside using knowledge of what they have learnt in their geography topic. Choose how to create the size point they want – what brush, end of brush. Choose correct colours for the seaside.	<u>L.S Lowry</u> History/Geography - local area <u>George Seurat/Paul</u> <u>Signac</u> Geography seaside topic	<u>L.S Lowry</u> Watercolours – how to use What will you include in your painting? 5 main colours used – how can you make another colour? Matchstick men, Industrial, Busy crowded places, Buildings. Dogs, adults and children <u>George Seurat/Paul Signac</u> Pointillism painting Acrylic paint Seaside theme – sand, sea, boats, people	<u>L.S Lowry</u> Colours Paint Mix <u>George</u> <u>Seurat/Paul</u> <u>Signac</u> Paint Acrylic Pointillism Technique

			Great fire of London	Great fire of	Great fire of London	Great fire of
			 Working with a range of firey colours, reds, oranges and yellows. 	<u>London</u> History topic	Colours to show fire and heat Wax crayons	<u>London</u> Mix
			 Manipulate these colours so they are different 		Paint	Blend
			shades by mixing, adding water.	L	Different sized brushes for different	Wax crayons
			 Choosing different brush sizes to show 		shapes/lines	, Paint
			different size flames and adding detail.		Mixing colours for different shades	Heat
			Cutting black paper to form a skyline			Fire
			silhouette and placing on top of the painting.			Silhouette
Printing	•	Use a variety of				
		techniques, inc.				
		carbon printing,				
		relief, press and				
		fabric printing and				
	•	rubbings. Design patterns of				
	•	increasing complexity				
		and repetition.				
	•	Print using a variety				
		of materials, objects				
		and techniques				
Textiles/Collage	٠	Use a variety of				
		techniques, inc.				
		weaving, French				
		knitting, tie-dyeing,				
		fabric crayons and wax or oil resist,				
		appliqué and				
		embroidery.				
	•	Create textured				
		collages from a				
		variety of media.				
	•	Make a simple				
		mosaic.				

	Stitch, knot and use other manipulative skills.				
3D Form	 Manipulate clay for a variety of purposes, inc. thumb pots, simple coil pots and models. 				
	• Build a textured relief tile.				
	 Understand the safety and basic care of materials and tools. Experiment with, construct and join recycled, natural and man-made materials more confidently. 				
Breadth of Study	 Work on their own, and collaboratively with others, on projects in 2 and 3 	L.S Lowry Working independently – 2D	L.S Lowry History/Geography - local area	L.S Lowry He worked in 2D meaning his paintings were flat paintings.	L.S Lowry 2D 2 dimensional
	dimensions and on different scales.	<u>George Seurat/Paul Signac</u> Working independently – 2D	<u>George Seurat/Paul</u> Signac	<u>George Seurat/Paul Signac</u> 2D paintings	<u>George</u> <u>Seurat/Paul</u>
	 Use ICT. Investigate different kinds of art, craft and design 	Create an pointillism painting using ict on purple mash first before the painting so they can copy from this.	Geography seaside topic		<u>Signac</u> 2D 2 dimensional
		<u>Great fire of London</u> Working independently – 2D	<u>Great fire of</u> <u>London</u> History topic	<u>Great fire of London</u> 2D painting/silhouette and 2D wax crayon silhouette	<u>Great fire of</u> <u>London</u> 2D 2 dimensional

Art and Design Long Term Plan